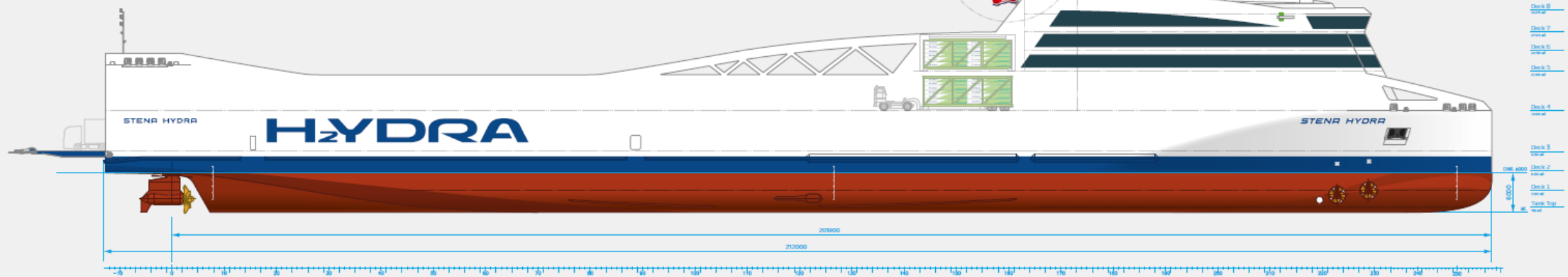
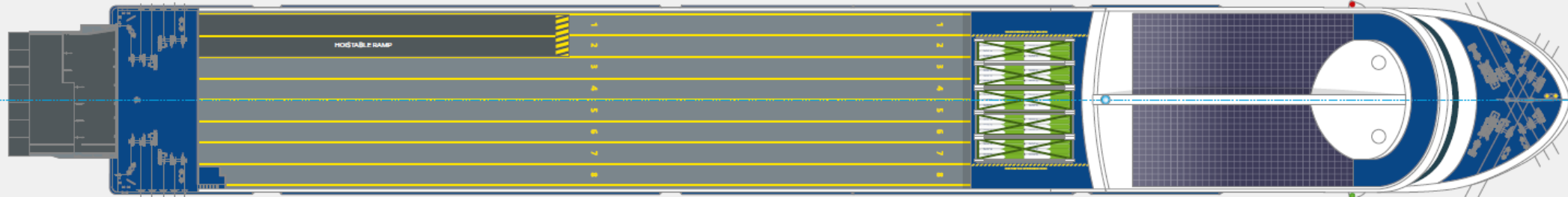


Stbd design



Top view



Skiss på fartyg med vätgas och bränsleceller (HOPE-projektet)

Förutsättningar för vätgas och elektrobränslen som marina bränslen

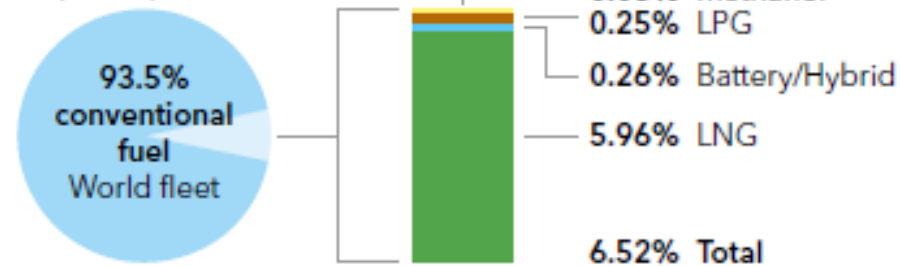
Julia Hansson, IVL Svenska Miljöinstitutet/Chalmers tekniska högskola



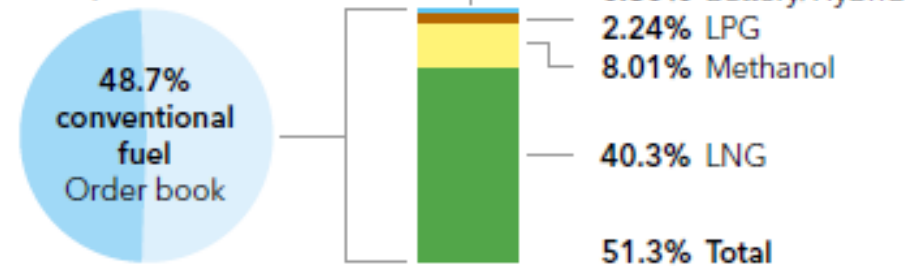
Global alternative marine fuels uptake (readiness) 2023

GROSS TONNAGE

Ships in operation



Ships on order



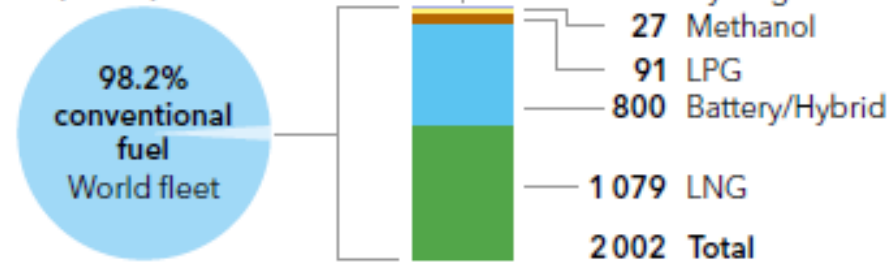
Sources: IHSMarkit (ihsmarkit.com) and DNV's Alternative Fuels Insights for the shipping industry - AFI platform (afi.dnv.com)

Source: DNV, 2023. DNV Energy Transition Outlook 2023 - Maritime forecast to 2050.

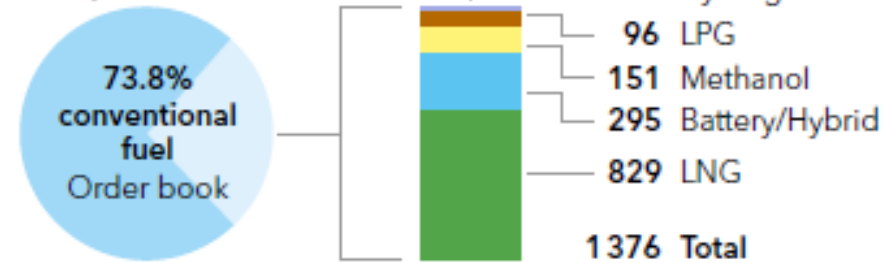
Global alternative marine fuels uptake (readiness) 2023

NUMBER OF SHIPS

Ships in operation

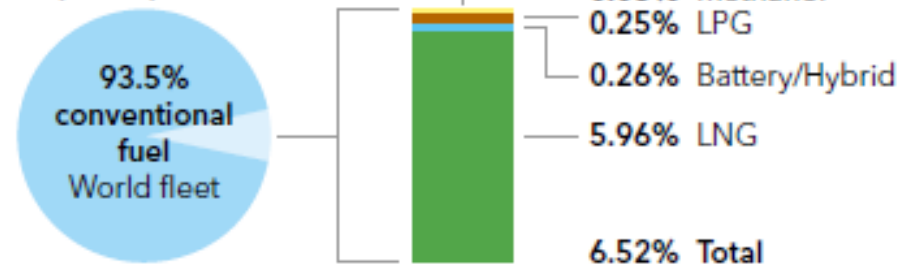


Ships on order

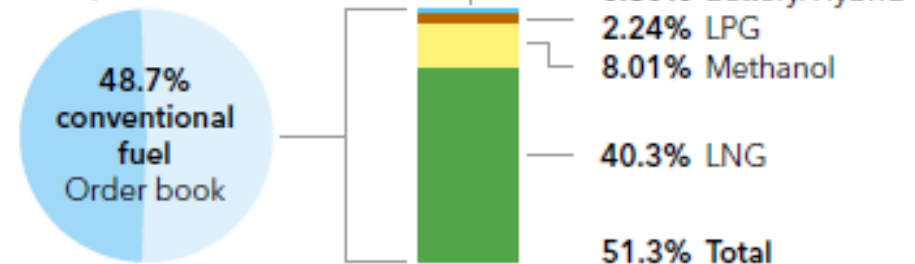


GROSS TONNAGE

Ships in operation



Ships on order



Sources: IHSMarkit (ihsmarkit.com) and DNV's Alternative Fuels Insights for the shipping industry - AFI platform (afi.dnv.com)

Source: DNV, 2023. DNV Energy Transition Outlook 2023 - Maritime forecast to 2050.

Future role of hydrogen and electrofuels for shipping depends on

- development of hydrogen-based solutions (cost, emissions etc)
- GHG emission performance
- expansion of low-carbon electricity generation
- availability of sustainable (marine) biofuels
- hydrogen demand in other sectors
- cost development of electrified options
- development of carbon capture & storage/CCS and bio-CCS
- **policies and details in the design**

HOPE - analyzing the potential role of marine hydrogen fuel cells solutions for regional shipping in the Nordic region

HOPE outlines and evaluates a concept design for a short sea shipping vessel using hydrogen and fuel cells for propulsion...
...including technical and cost aspects, barriers for and environmental impact of realization in the Nordics.

<https://www.nordicenergy.org/project/hope/> + <https://www.ivl.se/projektwebbar/hope.html>



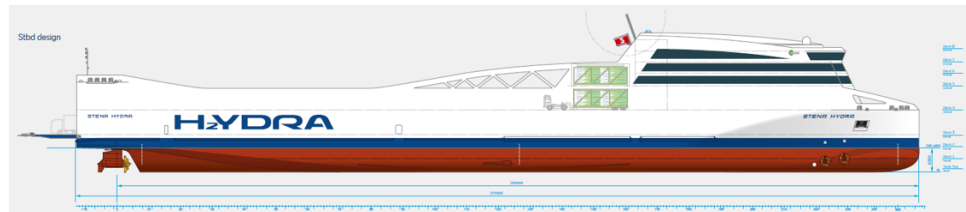
UNIVERSITY OF ICELAND



Route and case vessel:
Gothenburg-Fredrikshavn, Ropax ship

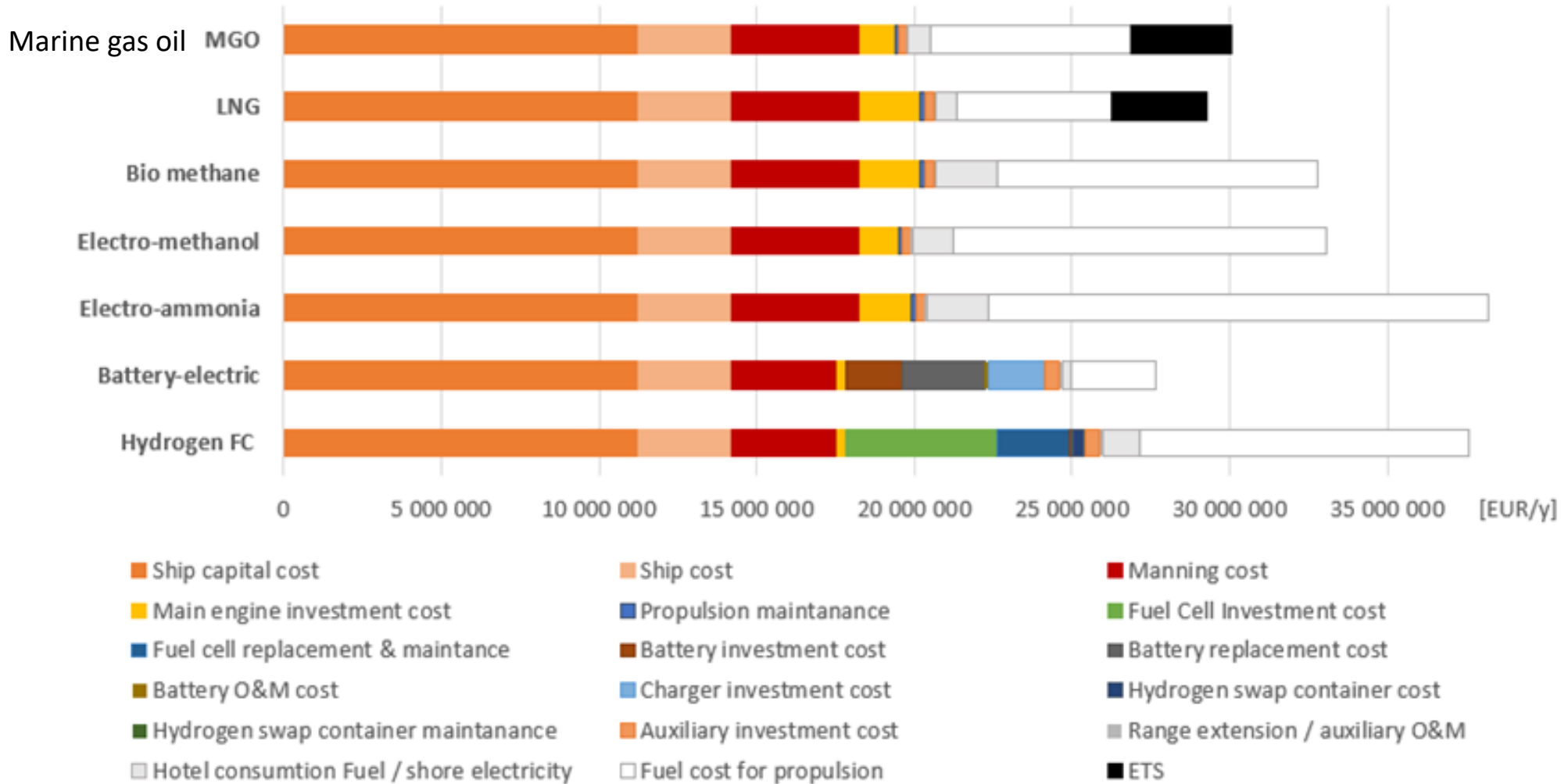
Some findings from HOPE

- Hydrogen appears to be a cost-effective solution for reducing ship's GHG emissions, in some form (*liquified, compressed, ammonia or electrofuels*), from a global long-term perspective.
- It seems *possible from a technical perspective* to use *hydrogen for a regional RORO-ROPAX vessel*, between the Nordic countries, even if electrification has advantages on certain routes.
- Hydrogen-based solutions for shipping is *not the lowest cost option for regional shipping*. Problems also for other options.
- *Primarily economic barriers* e.g., high costs, uncertainty and high risk.
- Availability of hydrogen/electrofuels for shipping uncertain



What about the possible cost for marine hydrogen based solutions?

Cost HOPE RoPax case study



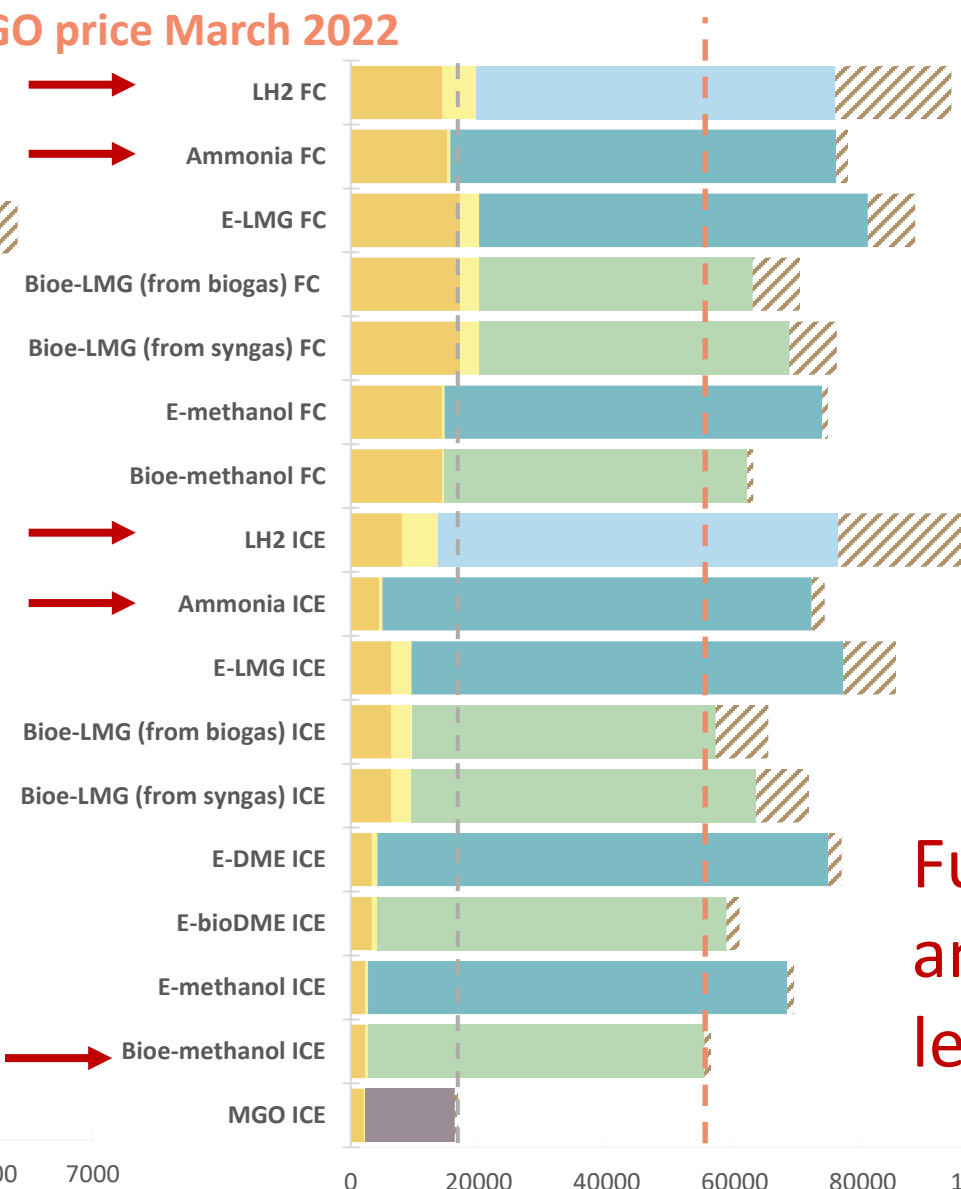
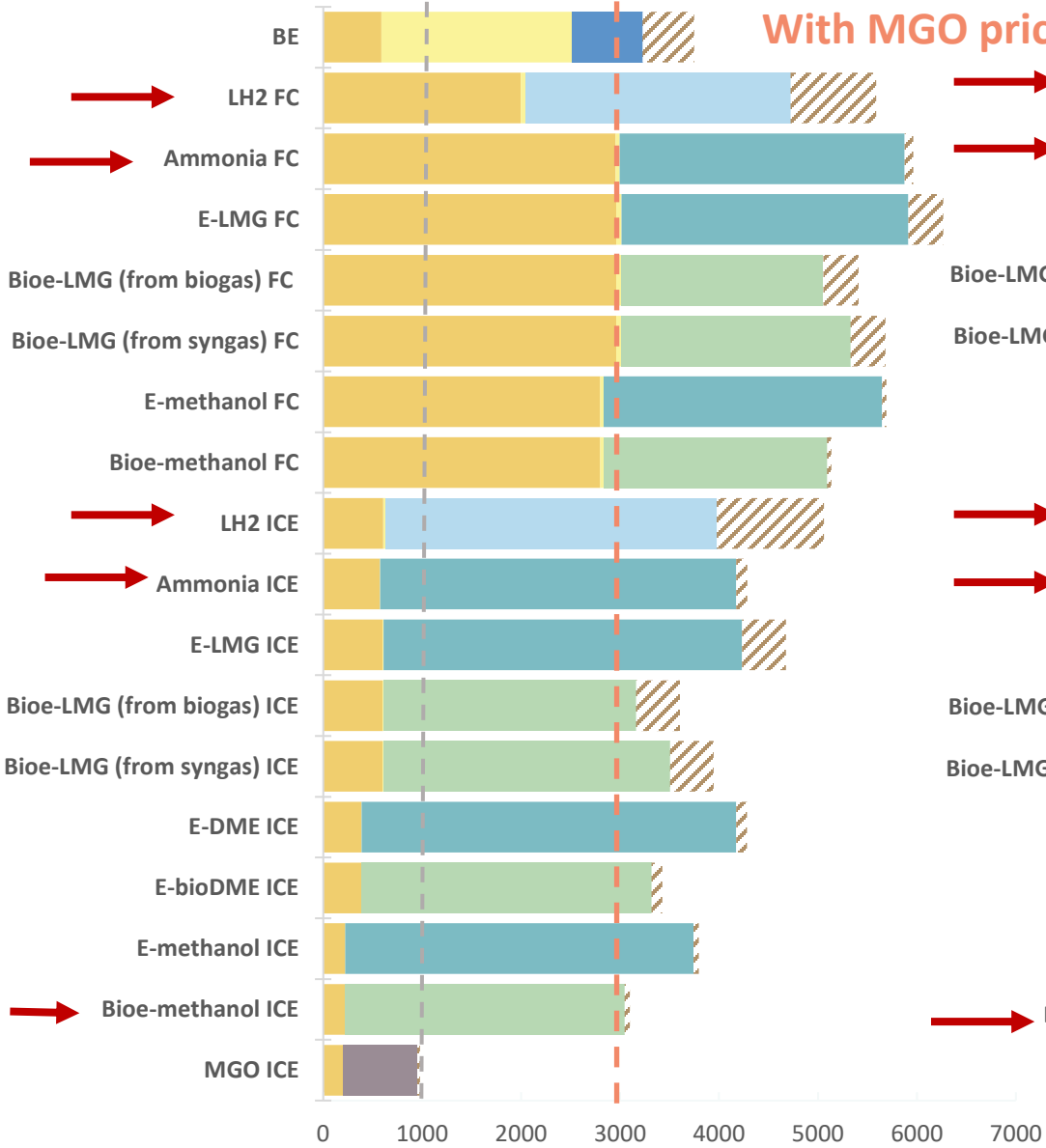
More cost comparisons for marine hydrogen based solutions

- Cost (2030) incl. fuel production, distribution + propulsion cost
- Large ferry & Container ship
- Fuels: Liquid hydrogen, ammonia, electrofuels combined bio- and electrofuels
- Internal combustion engines (ICE), fuel cells (FC)

Large ferry

Container ship

With MGO price March 2022



For the assessed ships:

- Bio-e-methanol in ICE lowest cost
- If H2/ammonia or fuel cell/ICE less costly depend on ship type
- Battery-electric propulsion also interesting for ferry

Future cost of fuels and EU ETS price levels important!

BE: battery-electric, LH2: liquified hydrogen, FC: fuel cell, ICE: internal combustion engine
 LMG: liquified methane gas; bioe: bioelectrofuel, formed by adding H2 into biofuel prod.

Source: Brynof el at., 2022

k EUR/year CHALMERS



What about GHG performance of marine hydrogen based solutions?

Assessment of the climate impact of selected alternative marine fuels (incl. hydrogen, ammonia and methanol) using life cycle assessment (LCA)

Nordic Roadmap for introduction of sustainable zero-carbon fuels

A four year Nordic collaboration *paving the way*

Technical deliveries

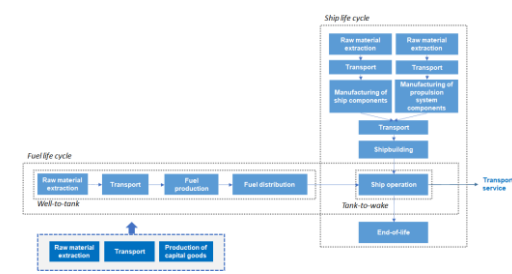
Fuel scorecard

Identify relevant fuels:
Ammonia, Hydrogen, Methanol

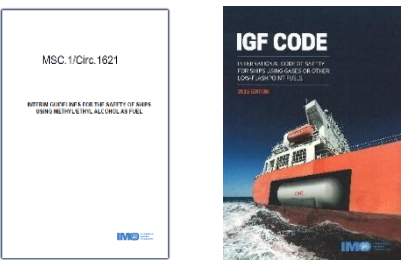
Develop KPIs

Evaluate KPIs for each fuel

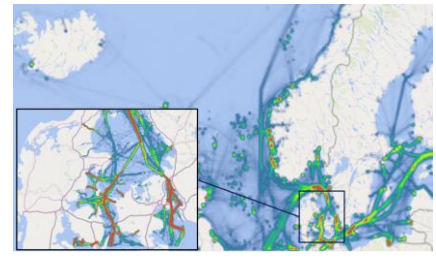
Life-Cycle Assessment



Regulatory framework



Traffic & infrastructure



Goal

Reduce key barriers to implementation and establish a common roadmap for the Nordics towards zero-emission shipping

Co-operation platform

Join us today at: futurefuelsnordic.com



Contributing partners:



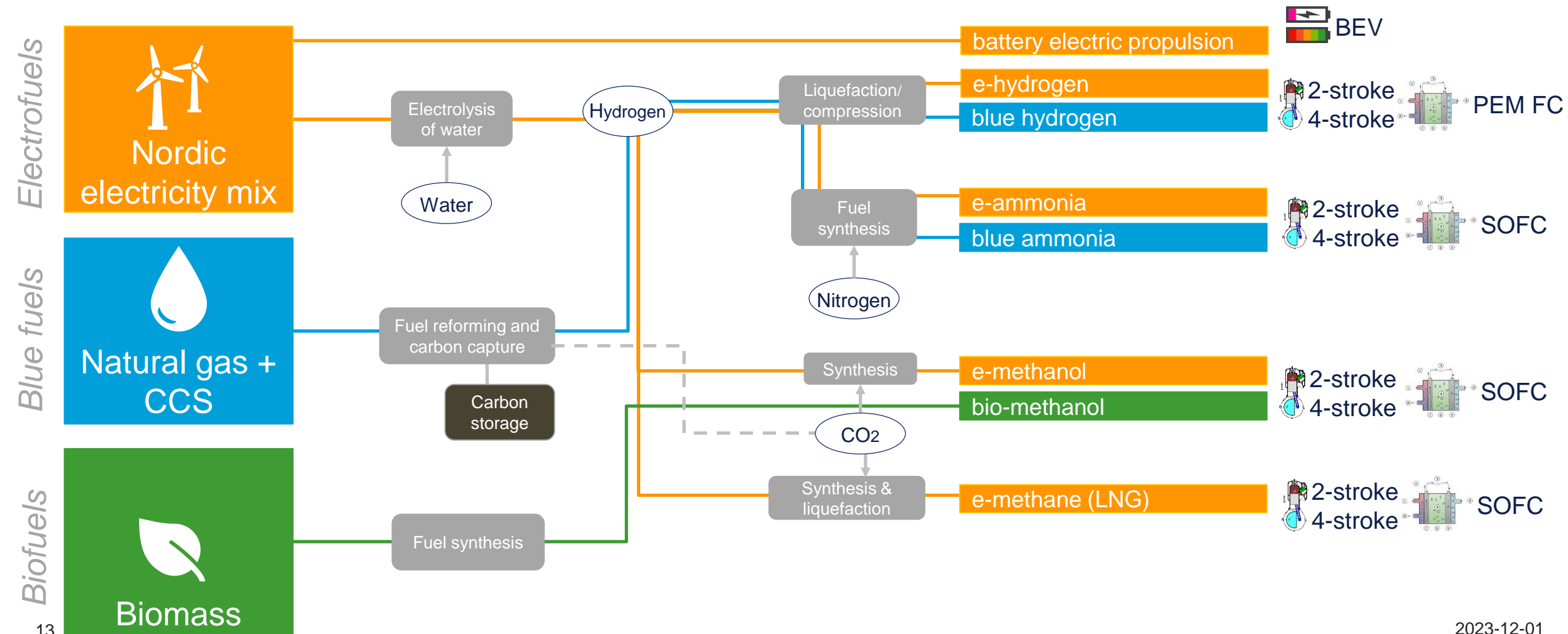
Supporting partners:



Objectives

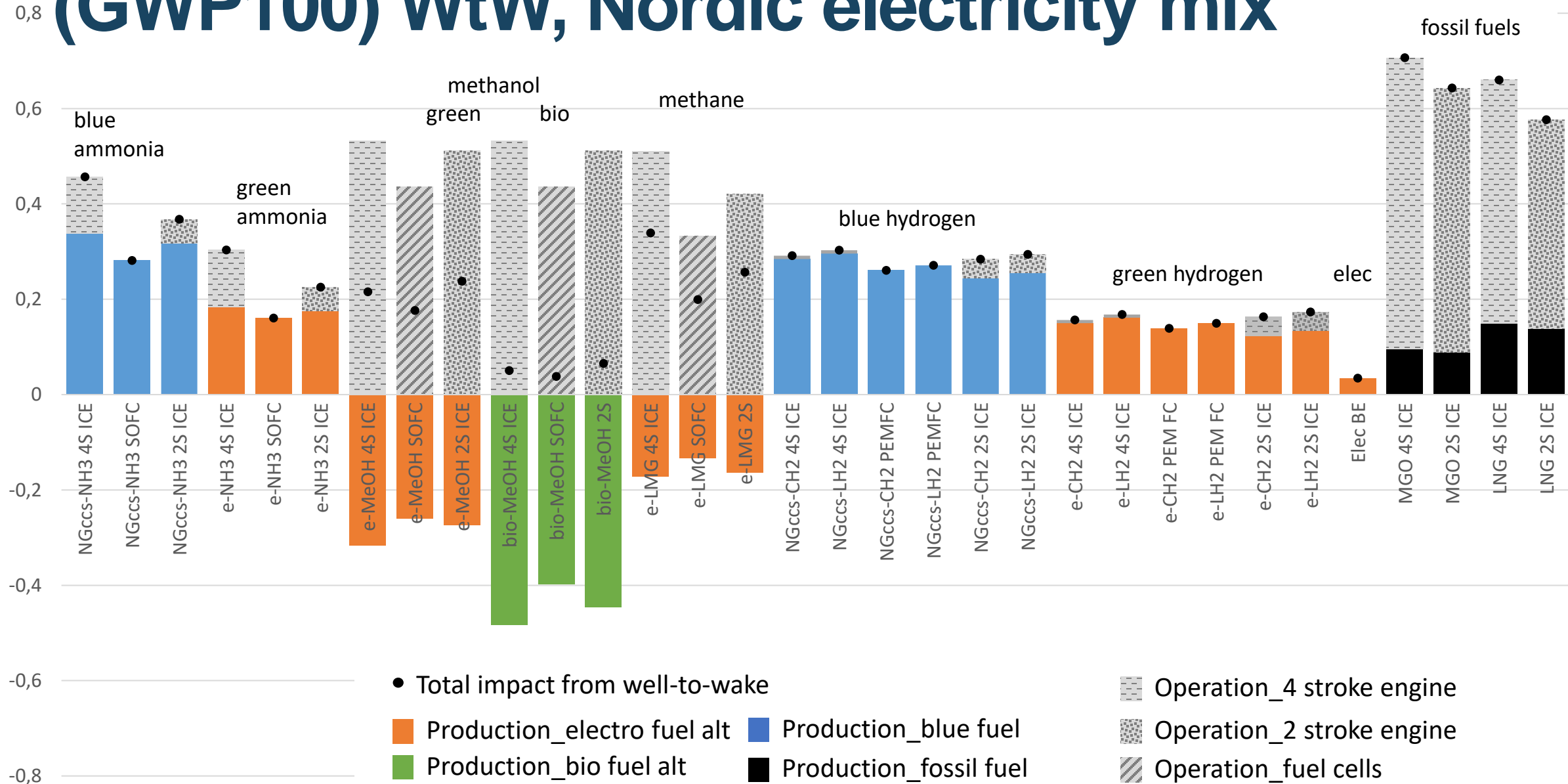
- Gain technical knowledge/ regulatory development (H₂, NH₃, CH₃OH)
- Develop a Nordic Roadmap for future fuels
- Establish a Nordic co-operation platform and piloting of Green Shipping Corridors

Pathways considered



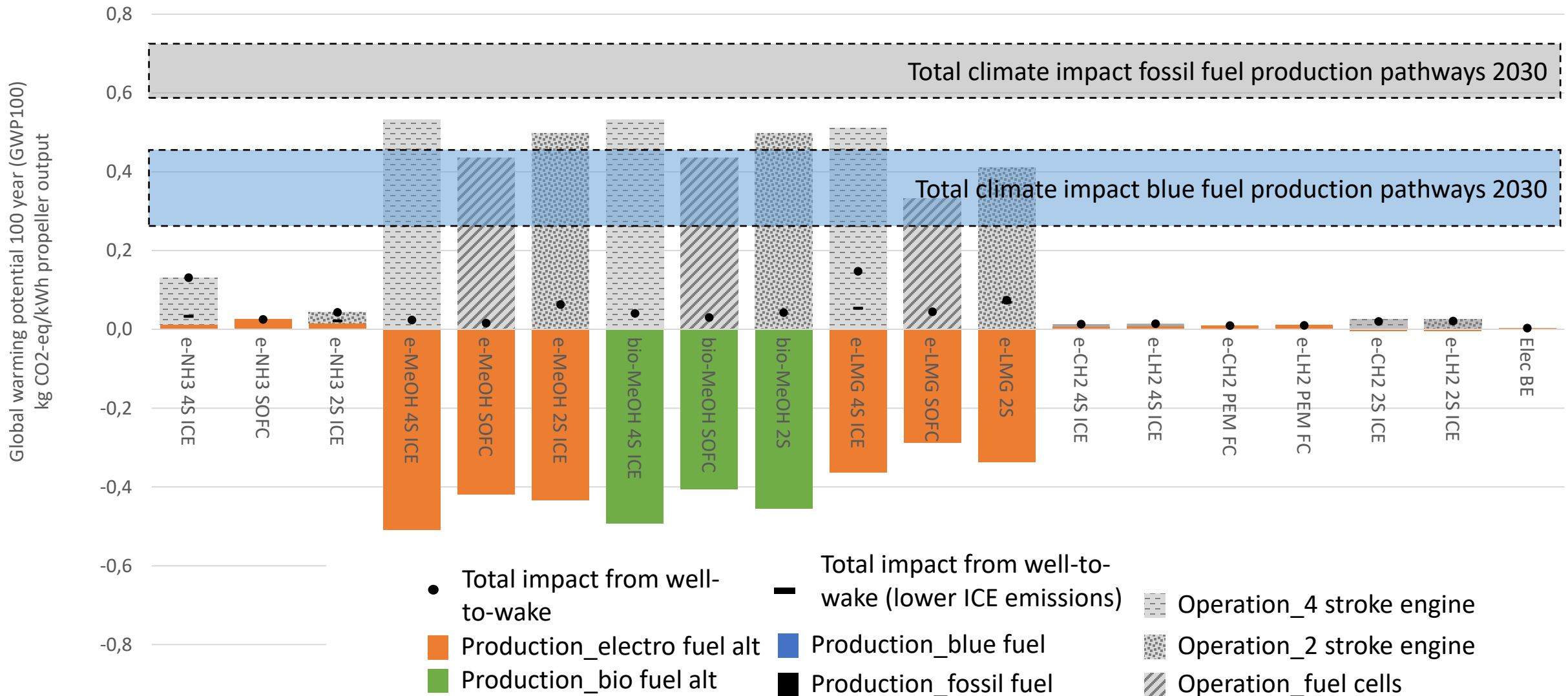
Estimated life cycle climate impact in 2030 (GWP100) WtW, Nordic electricity mix

Global warming potential 100 year (GWP100)
kg CO₂-eq/kWh propeller output



- Total impact from well-to-wake
- Production_electro fuel alt
- Production_bio fuel alt
- Production_blue fuel
- Production_fossil fuel
- ▨ Operation_4 stroke engine
- ▨ Operation_2 stroke engine
- ▨ Operation_fuel cells

Outlook life cycle climate impact in 2050 (GWP100), WtW, Nordic electricity mix



Findings climate impact

- Possible to substantially reduce climate impact by hydrogen-based options by 2030 (2050 even more).
- Green/renewable methanol, hydrogen and electricity pathways show lower climate impact compared to ammonia and methane pathways
- For ammonia and methane to have low climate impact, policies that regulate also other GHGs (CH₄ and N₂O) are needed.
- Some other emissions will decrease too.
- Other environmental impacts also need to be assessed.

Interested in more? Check our publications

“HOPE Hydrogen fuel cells solutions in NORDIC shipping. Project summary”, Hansson, J., Jivén, K., Yum Koosup, K., et al., 2023, <https://www.ivl.se/projektwebbar/hope.html>

“Concept design and environmental analysis of a fuel cell RoPax vessel”, Jivén, K., Parsmo, R., Fridell, E., J., et al., 2023, Report C781, IVL, <https://www.ivl.se/projektwebbar/hope.html>

“Life-Cycle Assessment and Costing of Fuels and Propulsion Systems in Future Fossil-Free Shipping”, Kanchiralla, F.M., Brynolf, S., Malmgren E., Hansson, J., Grahn, M., *Environmental Science & Technology* 56 (17), 2022

"Review of electrofuel feasibility - Prospects for road, ocean and air transport", Brynolf, S., Hansson, J., Anderson, J., et al., *Progress in Energy* (4) 042007, 2022

"Review of electrofuel feasibility - Cost and environmental impact", Grahn, M., Malmgren, E., Korberg, A., et al., *Progress in Energy* (4) 032010, 2022

“How do variations in ship operation impact the techno-economic feasibility and the environmental performance of fossil-free fuels? A life cycle study”, Kanchiralla, F.M., Brynolf, S., Olsson, T., et al., *Applied Energy* 350, 2023

“Life Cycle Assessment of Marine Fuels in the Nordic Region – Task 1C Roadmap for the introduction of sustainable zero-carbon fuels in the Nordic region”, Brynolf, S., Hansson, J., Kanchiralla, F.M., et al., Report No.1-C/1/2022, 2022, <https://futurefuelsnordic.com/project-deliverables/>



Assessments of Hydrogen, Ammonia and Methanol pathways centered around ports in the Nordic region

- Techno-economic conditions and drivers/barriers for implementation
- Opportunities for sector couplings and energy systems integration
- Possibilities of using existing underground rock caverns for storage
- Pathways for hydrogen-based value chains in Nordic ports by 2030/2040
- Four case studies in two countries (Sweden & Iceland)



Thank you! julia.hansson@ivl.se

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