



FOR A SUSTAINABLE HYDROGEN
ECONOMY OF TOMORROW



CHALMERS
UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Metall Additiv Tillverkning för Vätgas- baserade Bränslesystem

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Doktorand

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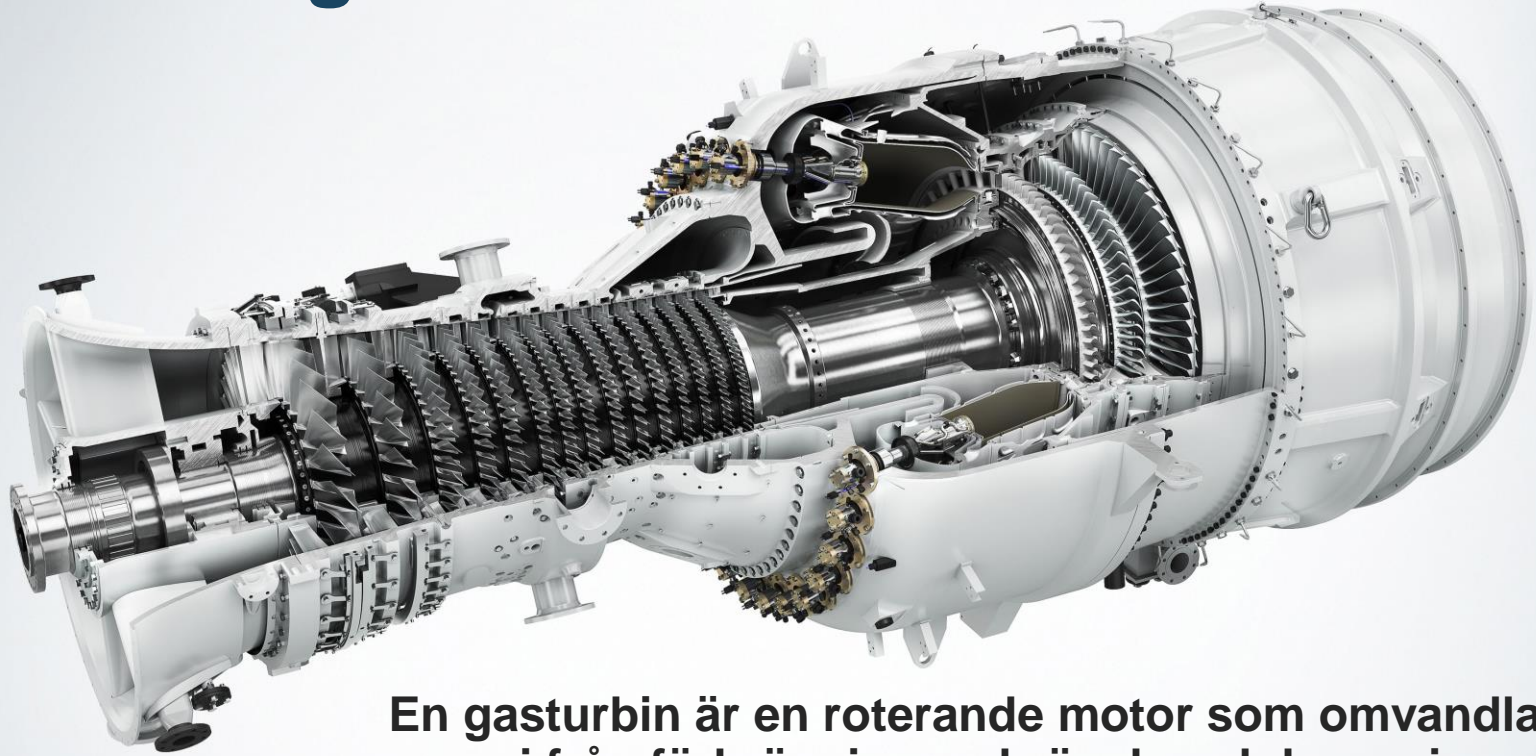


Det finns ett akut behov av att öka den gröna energiproduktionen i världen

Vind- och solkraft tillför fluktuationer till elnätet

Det behövs en stabil energiproduktion som kan leverera grön energi vid hög efterfrågan

Vad är en gas-turbin?



En gasturbin är en roterande motor som omvandlar energi från förbränning av bränsle och komprimerad luft till mekanisk kraft eller elektricitet

Hur kan gas-turbiner vara en del av lösning?

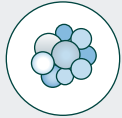
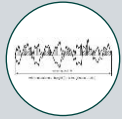


**Minska
Emissioner**

**Vätgasrika
Bränslen**

Additiv Tillverkning (AM) kan vara lösningen för nästa generation av bränsleinjektorer

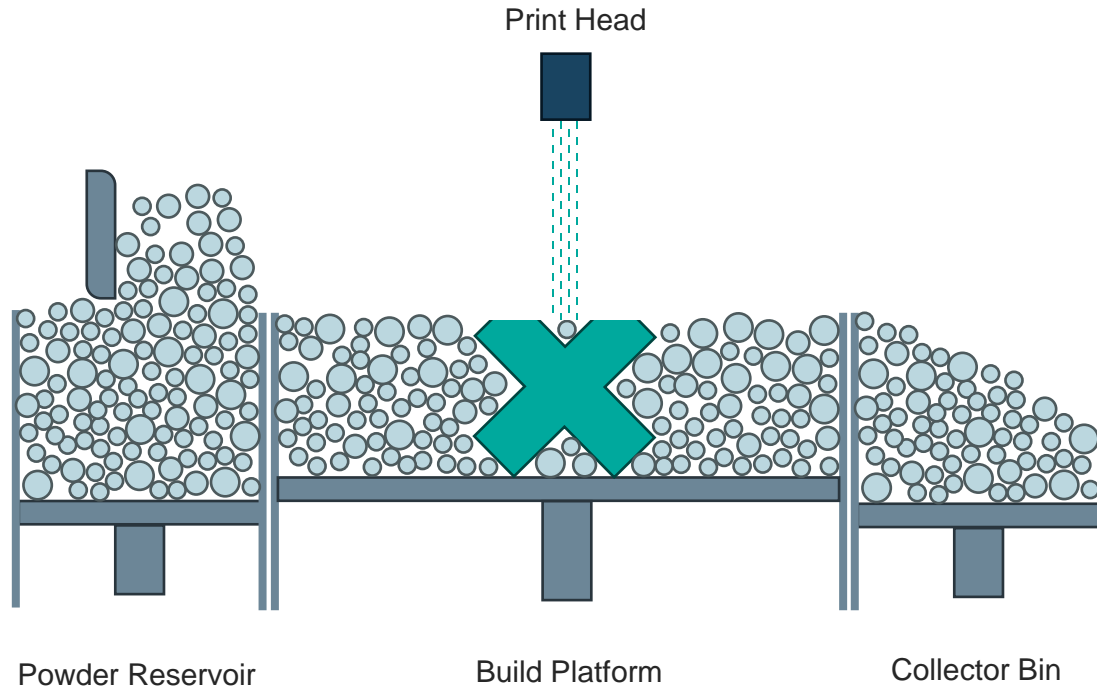
AM Printing Metoder

	MBJ	PBF-LB
Printing Process	Pulverbädd Två Stegs Process	Pulverbädd Enkel Process
Pulver Storlek		
	5 – 20 μm	20 – 53 μm
Ytråhet		
	3 – 13 μm	8 – 25 μm

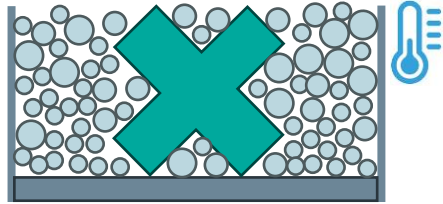
Alex Huckstepp, "Surface Roughness - A Guide To Metal Additive Manufacturing By Digital Alloys - Manufactur3D," 2021.

W. E. Frazier, "Metal additive manufacturing: A review," *J. Mater. Eng. Perform.*

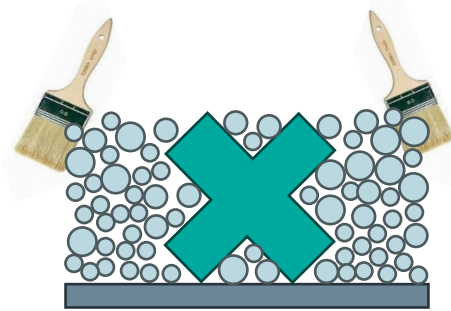
Metal Binder Jetting (MBJ)



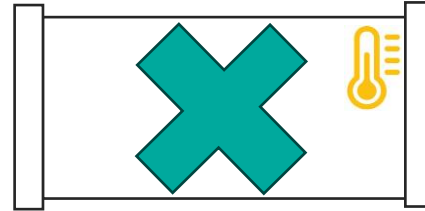
Metal Binder Jetting (MBJ)



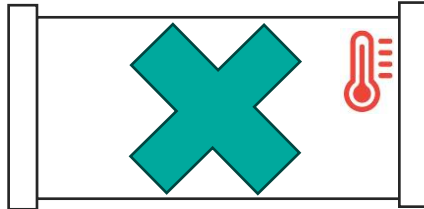
CURING



DEPOWDERING



DEBINDING

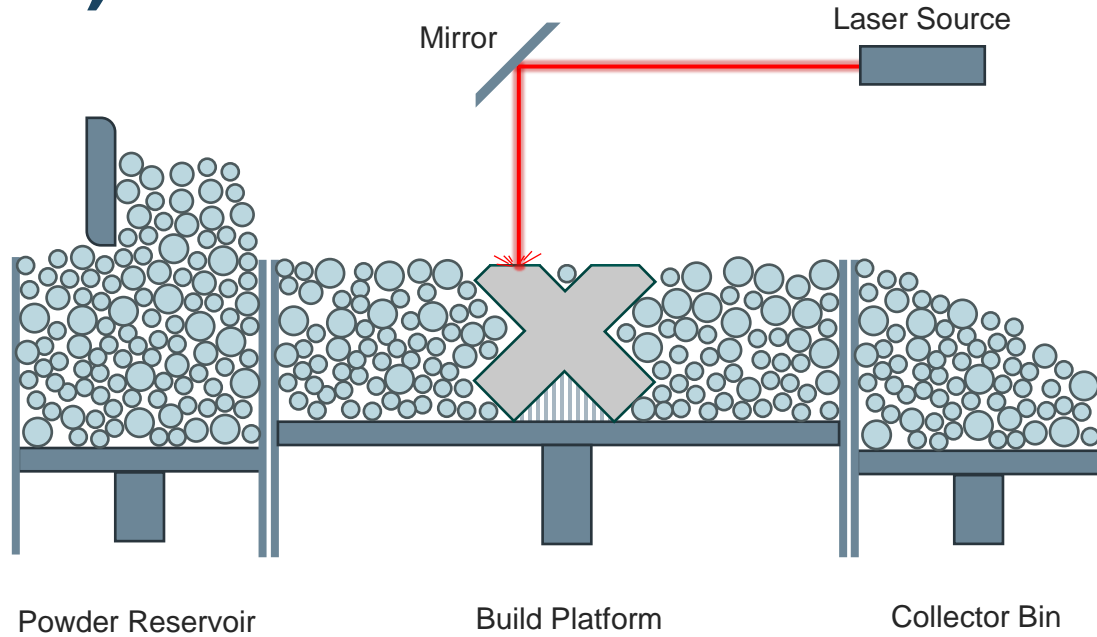


SINTERING



METAL PART

Power Bed Fusion - Laser Beam (PBF-LB)



Bränsleinjektorer

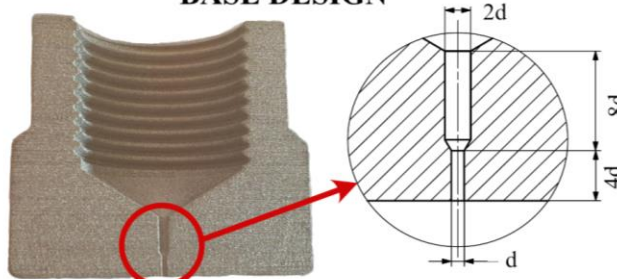
Material: Rostfritt Stål
316L



MBJ-R	PBF-LB	PBF-LB+B
BASE design	BASE design	Brazing design
0.5mm	0.5mm	
0.6mm	0.6mm	0.6mm
0.7mm	0.7mm	
1.0mm	1.0mm	1.0mm



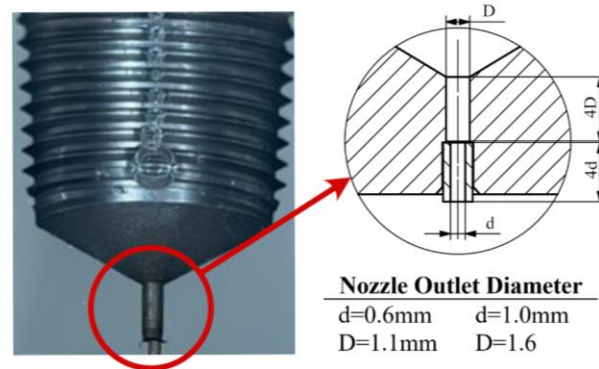
BASE DESIGN



Nozzle Outlet Diameter

d=0.5mm d=0.6mm d=0.7mm d=1.0mm

BRAZING DESIGN



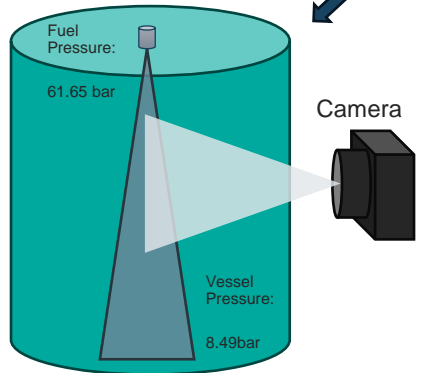
Nozzle Outlet Diameter

d=0.6mm d=1.0mm
D=1.1mm D=1.6

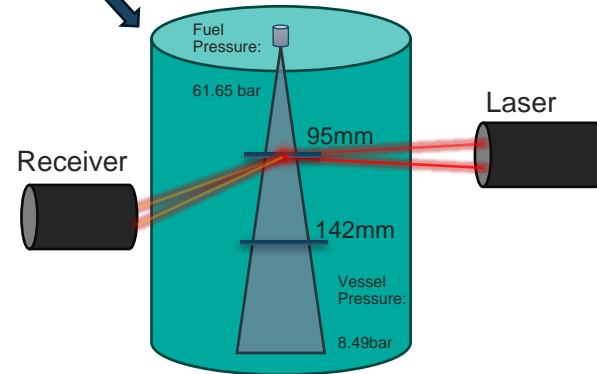
Spray Mätningar

Två spray mätmetoder

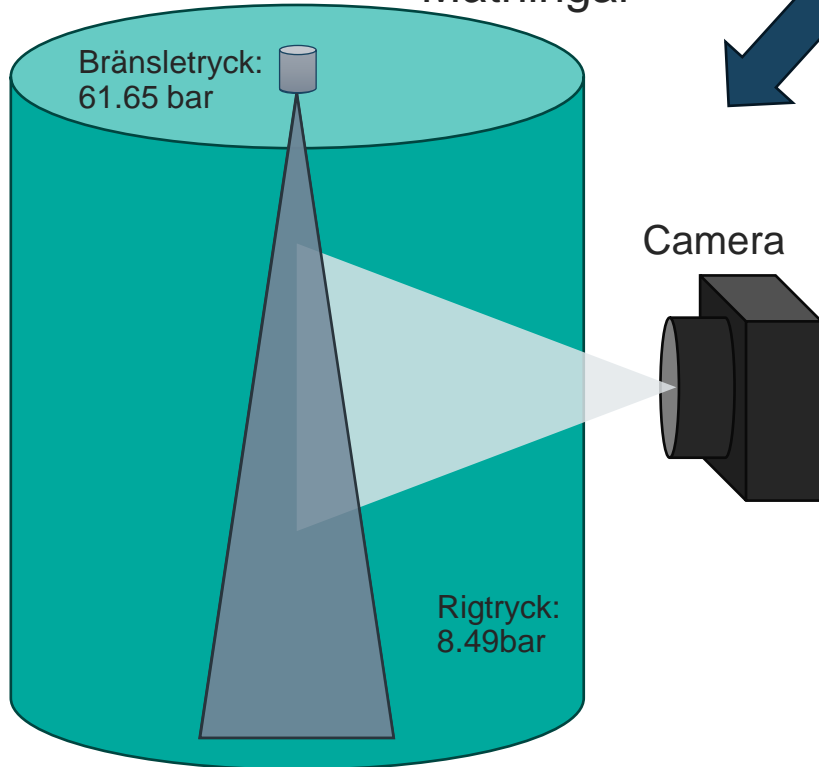
Kamera Mätningar



Phase Doppler Anemometry

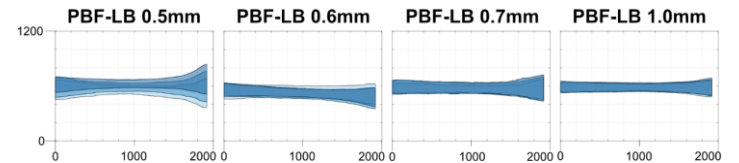
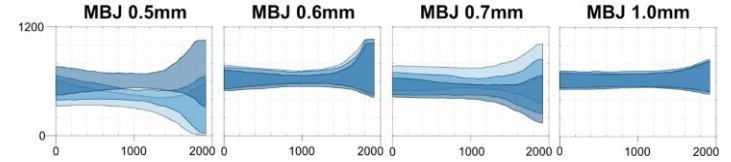
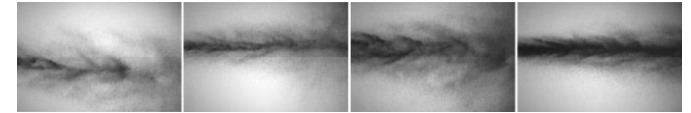


Kamera
Mätningar



Mätresultat Resultat

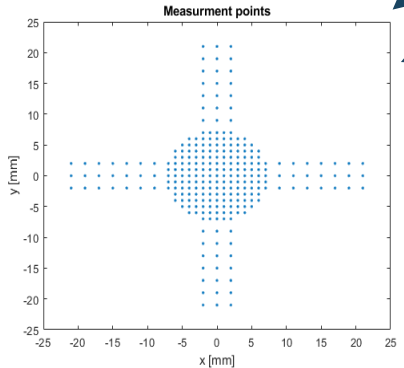
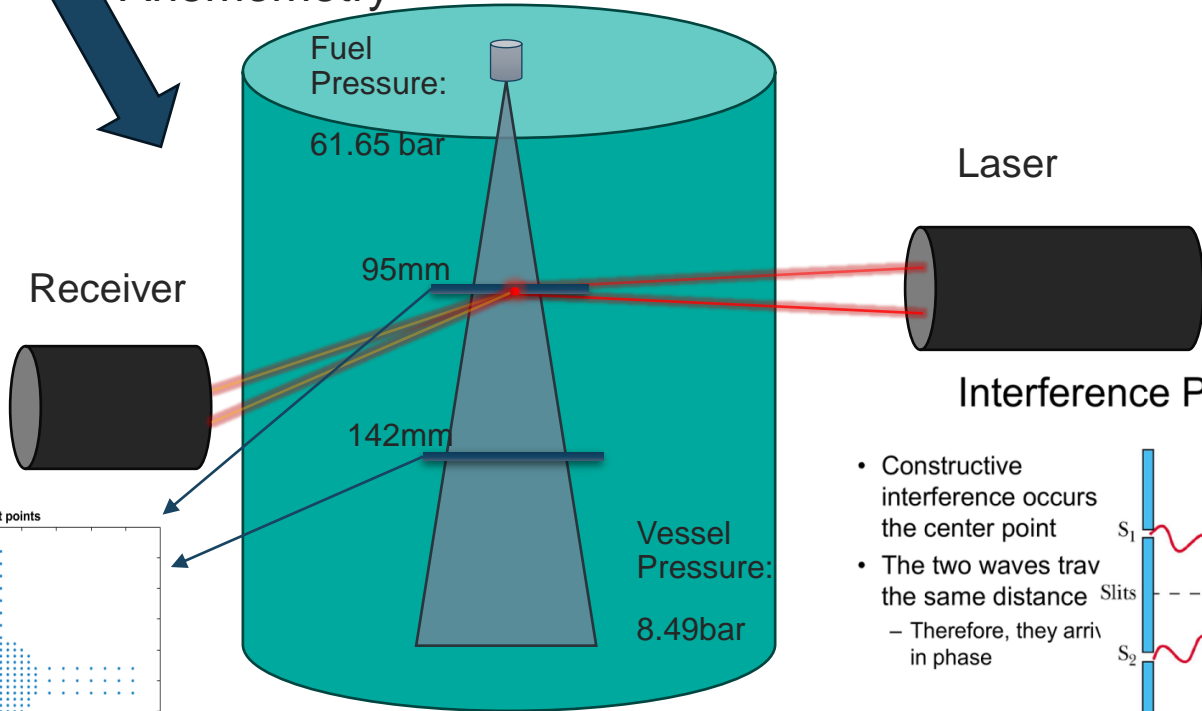
Cirkumferentiell Spraykärna, Spray riktning



0 degree 45 degree 90 degree

Source: E. Tuneskog, K. Nogenmyr, D. Moëll, M. Gullberg, and L. Nyborg, "Exploring Surface Roughness Effects on Spray Performance in Metal Additive Manufactured Fuel Injectors for Gas Turbine Applications," in *WorldPM2024 Conference Proceedings*, 2024.

Phase Doppler
Anemometry

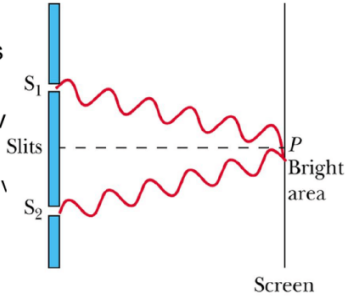


Mätpunkter för varje PDA plan.

Laser

Interference Patterns

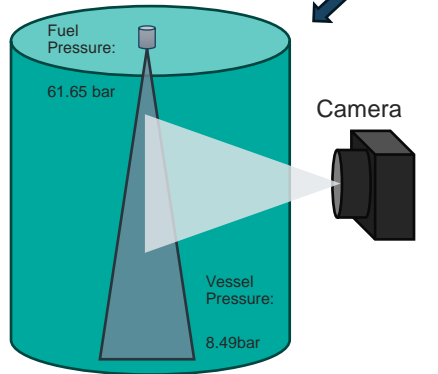
- Constructive interference occurs the center point
- The two waves travel the same distance
 - Therefore, they arrive in phase



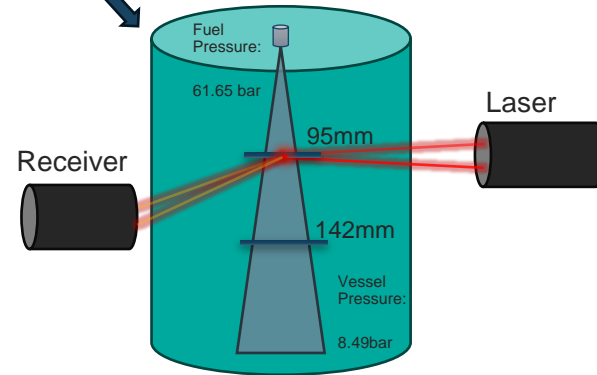
Spray Mätningar

Två spray mätmetoder

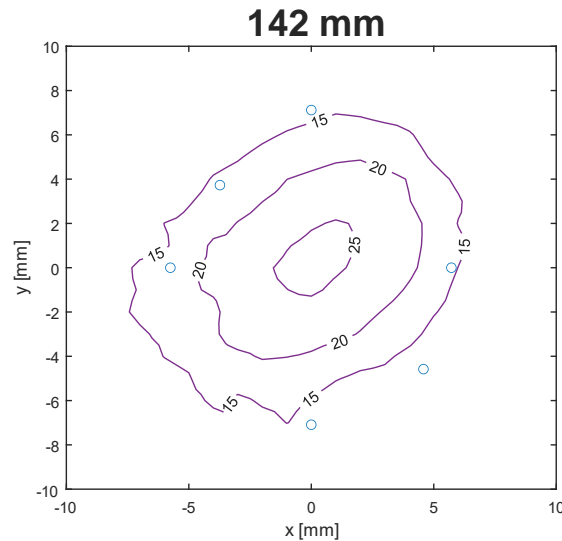
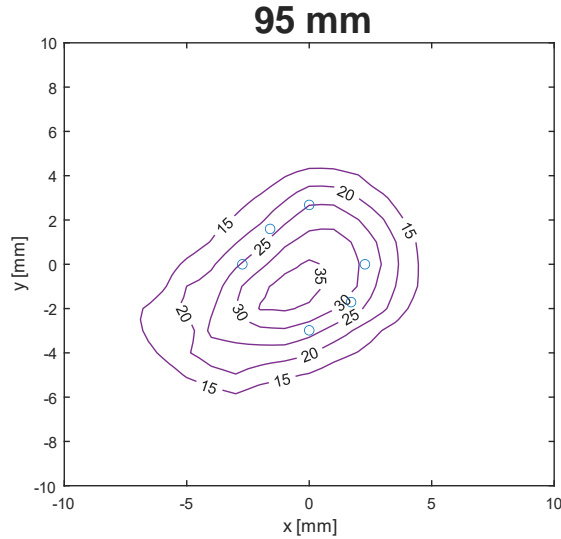
Kamera Mätningar



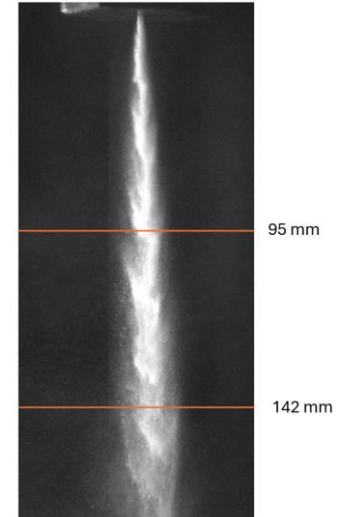
Phase Doppler Anemometry



Spray och Hastighets – Jämförelse av Kamera och PDA Mätningar

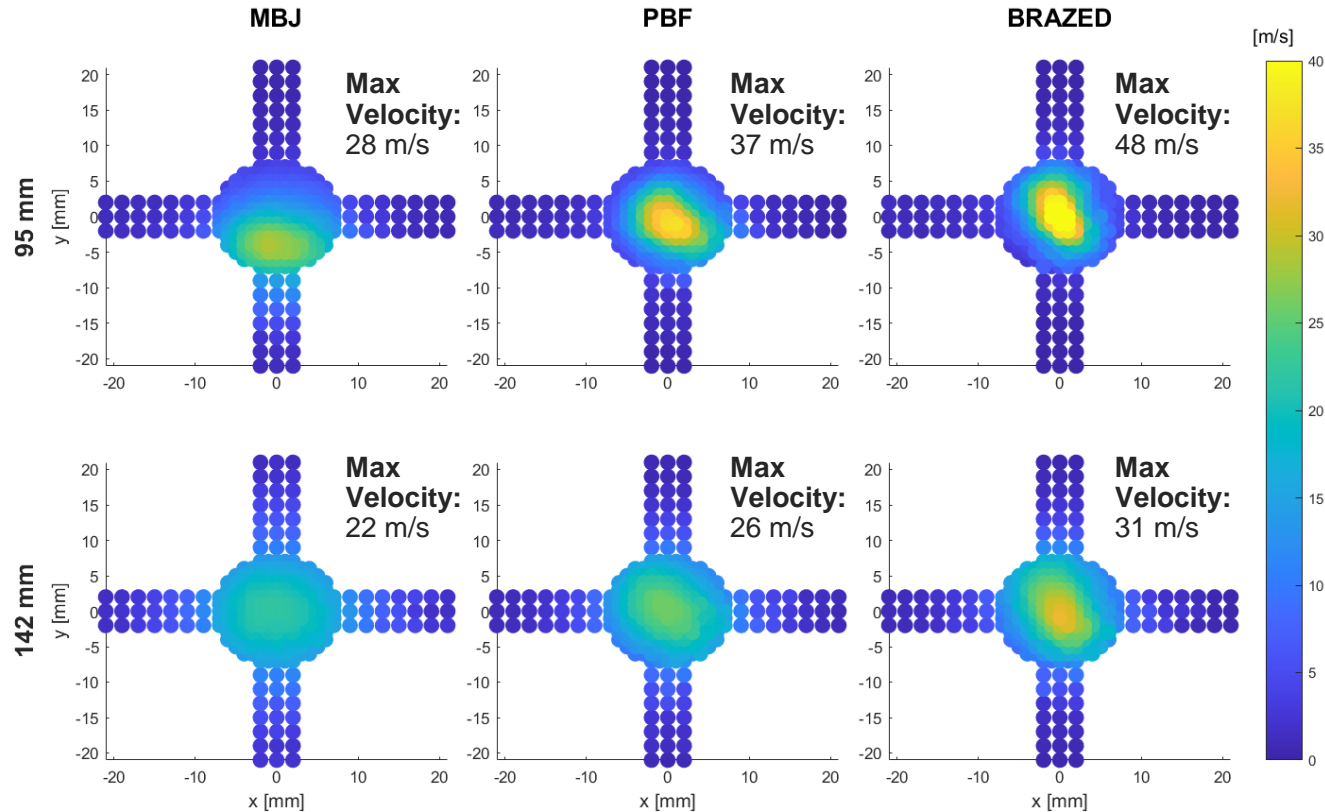


○ Camera
— PDA



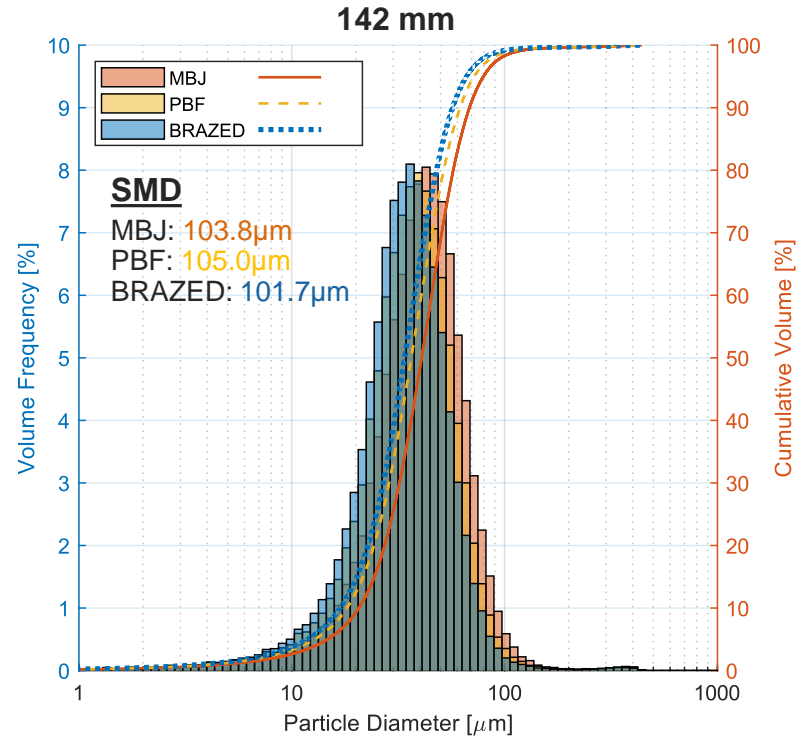
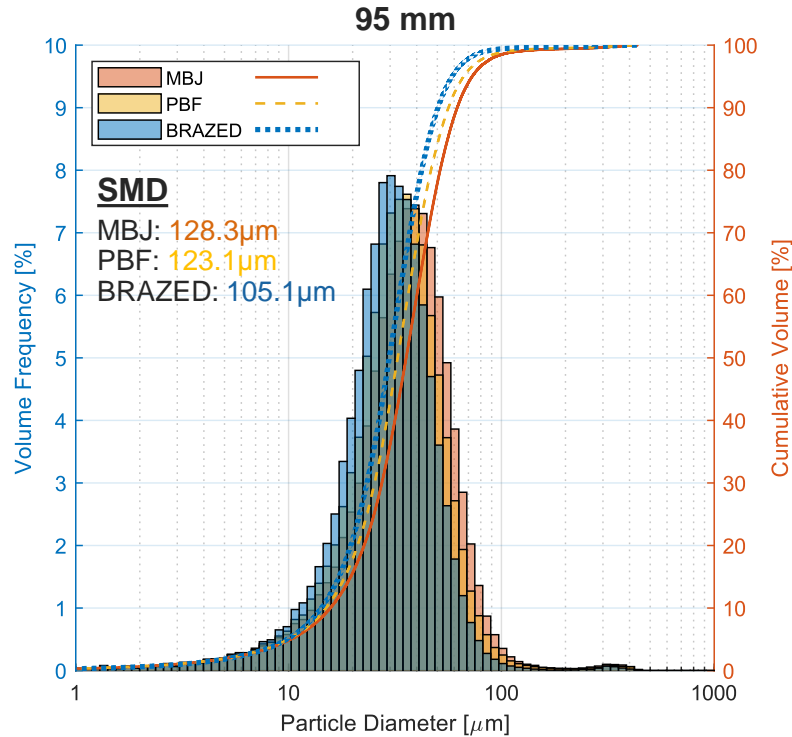
Hastighetsprofil

Diesel 8.49 Bar



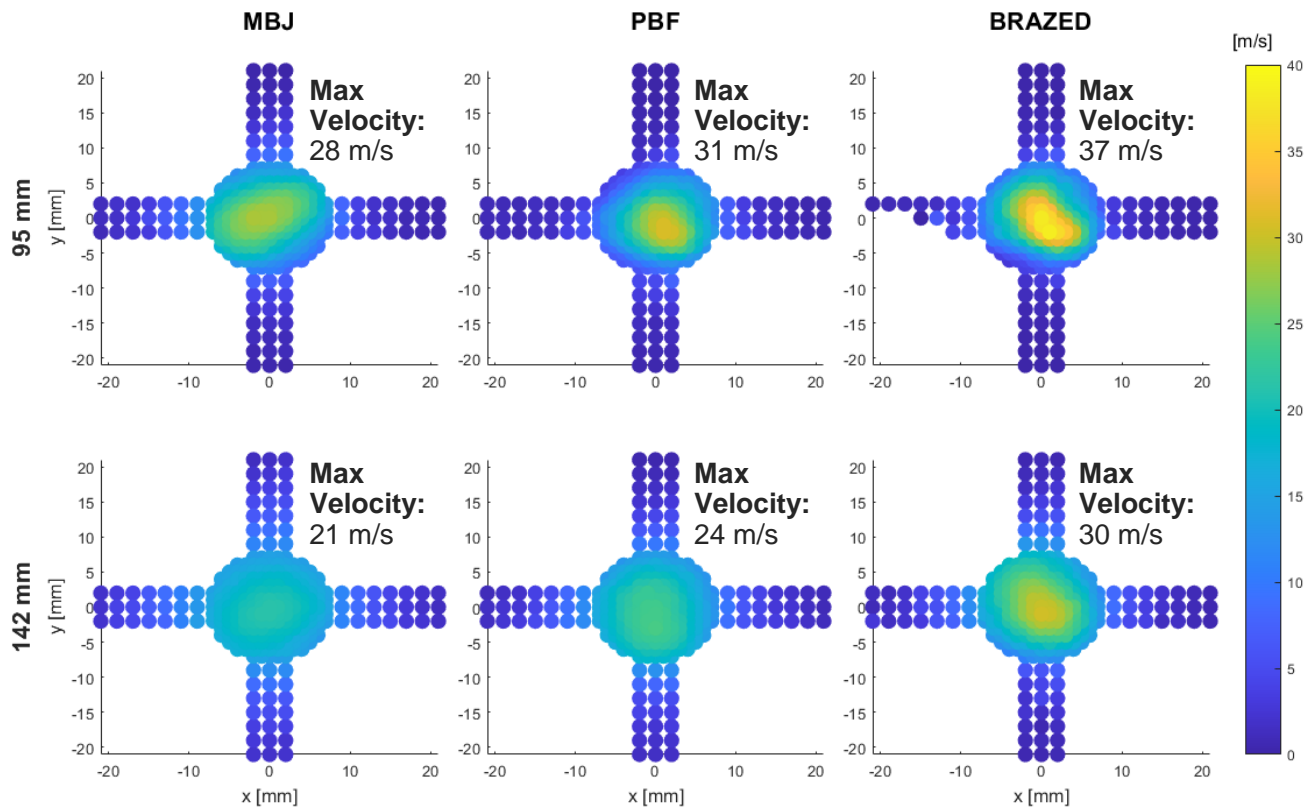
Drop Distribution

Diesel 8.49 Bar



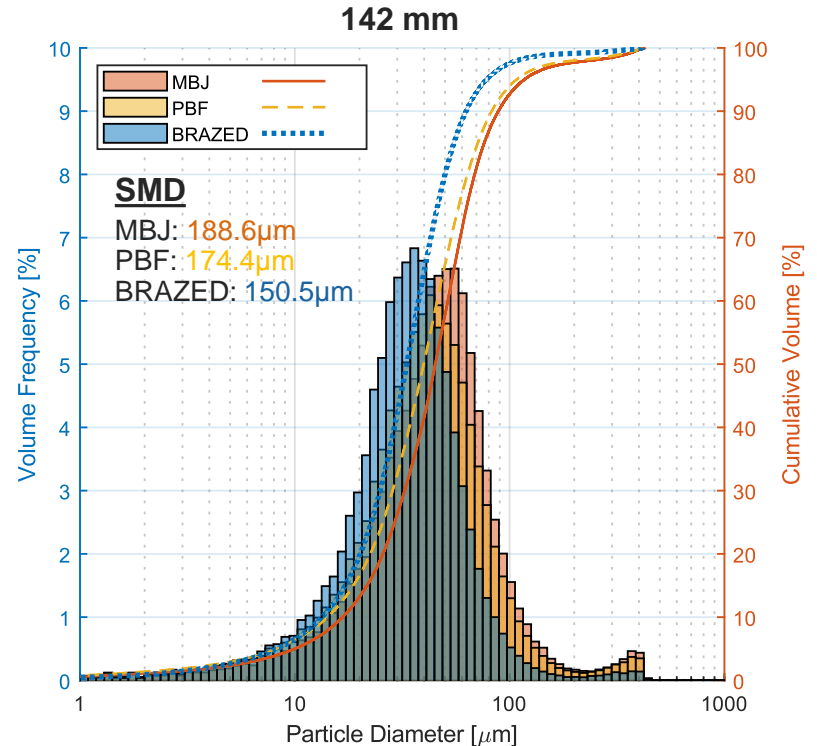
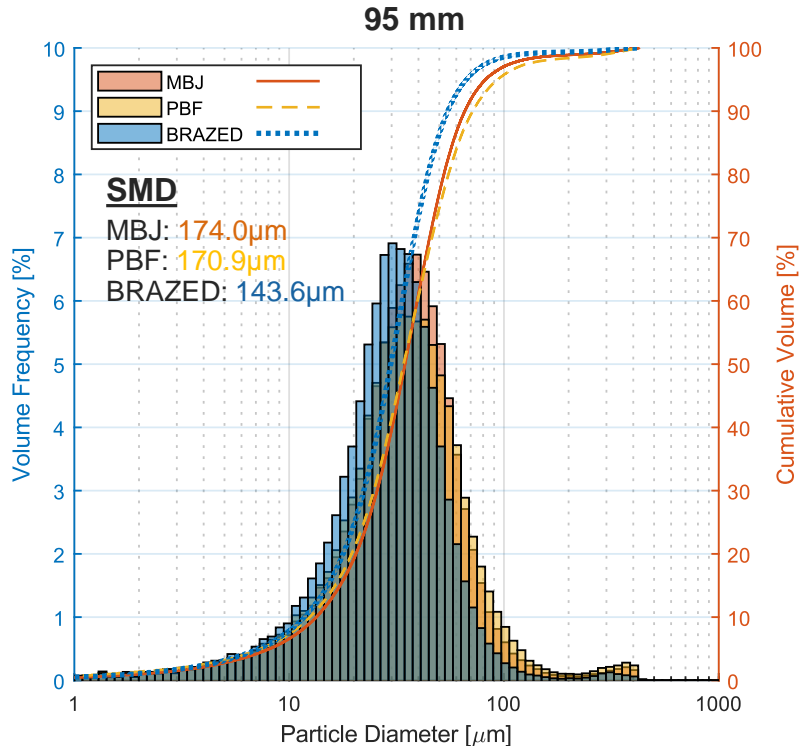
Hastighetsprofil

Methanol 8.49 Bar



Drop Distribution

Methanol 8.49 Bar



Sammanfattning

- 1 **AM-injektorer med mindre utlopp:** Kvalitetsosäkerheter och prestandavariationer på grund av ytjämnhet.
- 2 **Prestandabegränsningar:** AM-injektorer har lägre hastighet och större droppstorlekar än referensinjektorn.
- 3 **Efterbearbetning:** Krävs för att uppnå samma kvalitet som konventionella injektorer.
- 4 **Metanolspray:** Vid samma volymflöde som diesel visar lägre dropphastigheter och större droppstorlekar.



Tack för att ni har
lyssnat!



Finansering: Energimyndigheten

Siemens Energy AB & RISE Piteå

MC2 Workshop CHALMERS, GARD group CHALMERS, RISE Mölndal,
Markforgesed, BOMEK AB & HANZA GROUP